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11/27/2000	Masaaki Higashida	MAT-8014US	5725
Lawrence E Ashery Ratner & Prestia One Westlakes Berwyn Suite 301 PO Box 980 Valley Forge, PA 19482-0980		EXAMINER MILLS, DONALD L	
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary		09/646,665	HIGASHIDA ET AL.
	omee Action Guilliary	Examiner	Art Unit
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Donald L. Mills	2662
Period fo		ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in a sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication.
Status			
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>11 Au</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro	· ' '
Dispositi	on of Claims		
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠ 8)□	Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 8-16</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>7</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ion Papers		,
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	1
·	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the correction and the correction of the c	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on Noed in this National Stage
Attachman	Ne\		
2) Notic 3) Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, and 12-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Johnson et al. (US 5,289,476), hereinafter referred to as Johnson.

Regarding claims 1 and 14, Johnson discloses transmission mode detection in a modulated communication system, which comprises:

Generating (Claim 1)/Means for generating (Claim 14) a fixed pattern comprising 'm' words (Referring to Figure 6A, bit sync 610 comprised of 8-bits.)

Generating (Claim 1)/Means for generating (Claim14) variable, non-random patterns of predetermined bit structure, each pattern comprising 'n' words (Referring to Figure 6A, word sync 611 comprised of 7-bits representing one of two states, either BPSK or QPSK. See column 10, lines 13-15.)

Generating (Claim 1)/Means for generating (Claim14) sync patterns comprising 'q' words, each of the sync patterns formed by combining the fixed pattern and one of the variable patterns (Referring to Figure 6A, the preamble comprises bit sync 610 and word sync 611.)

Adding (Claim 1)/Means for adding (Claim 14) one of said sync patterns to each of said data packets in a data stream, wherein consecutive ones of said data packets each have added

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respectively different variable patterns (Referring to Figure 6A, the transmitter sends data packets using either BPSK or QPSK on a packet by packet basis by generating the appropriate word sync pattern for each packet, thereby, making a bit structure in at least two consecutive packets which include different word syncs. See column 10, lines 18-21.)

Regarding claim 2, Johnson discloses wherein the variable pattern comprises a plurality of words, and the variable patterns are made by changing an order of the words (Referring to Figure 6A, word sync 611 comprised of 7-bits representing one of two states, either BPSK or QPSK. See column 10, lines 13-15.)

Regarding claim 12, Johnson discloses the method including a step of detecting a sync (Referring to Figure 2, the preamble is detected to identify the beginning of a data packet. See column 7, lines 58-61.)

Regarding claims 13 and 15, Johnson discloses a method and apparatus comprising:

Detecting (Claim 13)/Means for detecting (Claim 15) a sync for examining both of a fixed pattern and a variable pattern of a data received (Referring to Figure 2, the preamble is detected to identify the beginning of a data packet, the preamble comprises the bit sync and word sync.

See column 7, lines 58-61.)

Securing (Claim 13)/Means for securing (Claim 15) a sync for examining only the fixed pattern (Referring to Figure 2, during synchronization the bit sync is inherently examined individually in order to determine the value of each bit.)

Wherein step (a) processes the data until the sync is secured and step (b) processes the data after the sync is secured (Referring to Figures 2 and 6A, the preamble detector process the

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data packet while determining synchronization and then process the data packet. See column 7, lines 58-61.)

Regarding claim 16, Johnson discloses adding a transmission header of 's * k' words, wherein the transmission header is divided into 'k' pieces of blocks at intervals of every 's' word (Referring to Figure 2, the preamble comprises a carrier detect interval and a carrier sync interval, each comprised of bits. See column 7, lines 55-57.) And, each transmission header includes the fixed pattern of 'm' words at a top thereof (Referring to Figure 2, carrier detect interval,) the fixed pattern employs a pattern other than patterns used in the block header (Referring to Figure 2, the carrier detect interval is different from the carrier sync interval.)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 3-6 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson et al. (US 5,289,476), hereinafter referred to as Johnson.

Regarding claim 3 as explained above in the rejection statement of claim 1, Johnson discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 1 (parent claim).

Johnson does not disclose wherein the fixed pattern comprises three words.

Johnson teaches bit sync 610 comprised of 8-bits (See Figure 6A.)

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement additional bits in the bit sync preamble data packet of Johnson. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in order to provide synchronization in highly congested and interference prone areas.

Regarding claim 4 as explained above in the rejection statement of claim 1, Johnson discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 1 (parent claim).

Johnson does not disclose wherein the three words include 'eb', 'cb' and 'aa', expressed in a hexadecimal notation.

Johnson teaches a word sync 611 comprised of 7-bits representing one of two states, either BPSK or QPSK (See column 10, lines 13-15.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine three different fixed patterns in the synchronization preamble of Johnson.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in order to provide synchronization in highly congested and interference prone areas.

Regarding claim 5 as explained above in the rejection statement of claim 1, Johnson discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 1 (parent claim).

Johnson does not disclose wherein the variable pattern comprises five words.

Johnson teaches a word sync 611 comprised of 7-bits representing one of two states, either BPSK or QPSK (See column 10, lines 13-15.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to increase the length of the word sync to comprise five words. One of ordinary skill

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in the art would have been motivated to so in order to provide synchronization in highly congested and interference prone areas.

Regarding claim 6 as explained above in the rejection statement of claim 1, Johnson discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 1 (parent claim).

Johnson does not disclose wherein the five words include '4c', 'ea', 'cd', '7a' and '81', expressed in a hexadecimal notation.

Johnson teaches a word sync 611 comprised of 7-bits representing one of two states, either BPSK or QPSK (See column 10, lines 13-15.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine five different fixed patterns in the synchronization preamble of Johnson.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in order to provide synchronization in highly congested and interference prone areas.

5. Claims 8-11 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson et al. (US 5,289,476), hereinafter referred to as Johnson, in view of Lawrence et al. (US 6,208,666 B1), hereinafter referred to as Lawrence.

Regarding claim 8 as explained above in the rejection statement of claim 1, Johnson discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 1 (parent claim).

Johnson does not disclose wherein the packet data is a digital video signal.

Lawrence teaches system and method for maintaining timing synchronization in a digital video network where digital video enters customer premises 1300 from central office 400 via a wireless communication channel 16 (See Figure 16, column 22, lines 8-9 and 16.)

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement synchronization preamble of Johnson in the system of Lawrence. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to so in order to utilize power lines for the transmission and reception of video data.

Regarding claim 9 as explained above in the rejection statement of claim 1, Johnson discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 1 (parent claim).

Johnson does not disclose wherein the digital video signal is a compressed signal.

Lawrence teaches system and method for maintaining timing synchronization in a digital video network where compressed digital video enters customer premises 1300 from central office 400 via a wireless communication channel 16 (See Figure 16, column 22, lines 8-9 and 15-16.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement synchronization preamble of Johnson in the system of Lawrence. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to so in order to utilize power lines for the transmission and reception of video data.

Regarding claim 10 as explained above in the rejection statement of claim 1, Johnson discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 1 (parent claim).

Johnson does not disclose wherein the compressed signal is a DIF stream.

Lawrence teaches system and method for maintaining timing synchronization in a digital video network where compressed digital video stream enters customer premises 1300 from central office 400 via a wireless communication channel 16 (See Figure 16, column 22, lines 8-9 and 15-16.)

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement synchronization preamble of Johnson in the system of Lawrence. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to so in order to utilize power lines for the transmission and reception of video data and support digital playback devices for video-on-demand services.

Regarding claim 11 as explained above in the rejection statement of claim 1, Johnson discloses all of the claim limitations of claim 1 (parent claim).

Johnson does not disclose wherein the packet data is transmitted through an ATM transmission line.

Lawrence teaches system and method for maintaining timing synchronization in a digital video network where communication is performed over connection 112 with ATM switch 102 (See Figure 4, column 7, lines 26-27.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement synchronization preamble of Johnson in the system of Lawrence. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to so in order to utilize power lines for the transmission and reception of video data for Internet traffic.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claim 7 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed August 11, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Rejection Under 35 USC § 102

On page 7 of the remarks, regarding claims 1 and 14, the Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Donald L. Mills whose telephone number is 571-272-3094. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hassan Kizou can be reached on 571-272-3088. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Donald L Mills

October 27, 2005

PRIMARY EXAMINER